

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

TRANSMETA CORPORATION,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	
)	
v.)	C.A. No. 06-633 (GMS)
)	
INTEL CORPORATION,)	
)	
Defendant.)	

NOTICE OF SUBPOENA

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the subpoena directed to Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. attached as Exhibit 1 is being served.

MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP

/s/ Karen Jacobs Loudon (#2881)
Jack B. Blumenfeld (#1014)
Karen Jacobs Loudon (#2881)
klouden@mnat.com
1201 N. Market Street
P.O. Box 1347
Wilmington, DE 19899
(302) 658-9200
Attorneys for plaintiff Transmeta Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that on July 17, 2007, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using CM/ECF, which will send notification of such filing(s) to the following:

John W. Shaw

I also certify that copies were caused to be served on July 17, 2007, upon the following in the manner indicated:

BY HAND

John W. Shaw
YOUNG, CONAWAY, STARGATT & TAYLOR, LLP
The Brandywine Building
1000 West Street, 17th Flr.
Wilmington, DE 19801

BY EMAIL

Steven S. Cherensky
Jessica L. Davis
WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP
201 Redwood Shores Parkway
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

/s/ Karen Jacobs Loudon (#2881)
klouden@mnat.com

EXHIBIT 1

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**WESTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
(AUSTIN DIVISION)****TRANSMETA CORPORATION,****Plaintiff,**

v.

SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE**Civil Action No. 06-633 (GMS)
(District of Delaware)****INTEL CORPORATION,****Defendants.**

TO: Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.
c/o Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC – Lawyers
Incorporating Service Company
701 Brazos, Suite 1050
Austin, Texas 78701

☒ YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time specified below to testify at the taking of a deposition in the above case. Such deposition will be stenographically and/or videographically recorded. See attached Notice of Intention to Take Oral Deposition of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., Pursuant to Rule 30(b)(6), Fed. R. Civ. P., and Subpoena Duces Tecum **(SCHEDULE B)**.

PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
Omni Austin Hotel Downtown 700 San Jacinto at 8th Street Austin, Texas 78701	August 13, 2007 at 9:30am


☒ YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing or sampling of the following documents, electronically stored information or objects at the place, date, and time specified below: **SEE SCHEDULE A ATTACHED HERETO**

PLACE	DATE AND TIME
Omni Austin Hotel Downtown 700 San Jacinto at 8th Street Austin, Texas 78701	July 30, 2007 at 10:00am

☐ YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following premises at the date and time specified below.

PREMISES	DATE AND TIME

Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoenaed for the taking of a deposition shall designate one or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on its behalf, and may set forth, for each person designated, the matters on which a person will testify. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. 30(b)(6).

ISSUING OFFICER SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE IF ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT)	DATE
 Attorney for Plaintiff	July 13, 2007
ISSUING OFFICER'S NAME, ADDRESS AND PHONE NUMBER	TELEPHONE
Carla E. Sereny, Esq. Ropes & Gray LLP 1211 Avenue of the Americas New York, NY 10036	(212) 596-9000

PROOF OF SERVICE

SERVED	Date:	Place:
SERVED ON (PRINT NAME)		MANNER OF SERVICE
SERVED BY (PRINT NAME)		TITLE

DECLARATION OF SERVER

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct:

Executed on:

DATE

SIGNATURE OF SERVER

ADDRESS OF SERVER

RULE 45, FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, PARTS C & D

(c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

(1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction, which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and a reasonable attorney's fee.

(2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of designated electronically stored information, books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.

(B) Subject to paragraph (d)(2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling may, within 14 days after service of the subpoena or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpoena written objection to producing any or all of the designated materials or inspection of the premises — or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. If objection is made, the party serving the subpoena shall not be entitled to inspect, copy, test, or sample the materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpoena was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpoena may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production, inspection, copying, testing, or sampling. Such an order to compel shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection, copying, testing, or sampling commanded.

(3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it

(i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance;

(ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to the provisions of clause (c)(3)(B)(iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held;

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) If a subpoena

(i) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or

(ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or

(iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena or, if the party in whose behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoena is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA.

(1) (A) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.

(B) If a subpoena does not specify the form or forms for producing electronically stored information, a person responding to a subpoena must produce the information in a form or forms in which the person ordinarily maintains it or in a form or forms that are reasonably usable.

(C) A person responding to a subpoena need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) A person responding to a subpoena need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or to quash, the person from whom discovery is sought must show that the information sought is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) (A) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

(B) If information is produced in response to a subpoena that is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has and may not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved. A receiving party may promptly present the information to the court under seal for a determination of the claim. If the receiving party disclosed the information before being notified, it must take reasonable steps to retrieve it. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

TRANSMETA CORPORATION,
a Delaware Corporation,

Plaintiff,

v.

INTEL CORPORATION,
a Delaware Corporation

Defendant.

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) C.A. No. 06-633-GMS
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)

**NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TAKE ORAL DEPOSITION OF
FREESCALE SEMICONDUCTOR INCORPORATED, PURSUANT TO RULE 30(B)(6),
FED. R. CIV. P., AND SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM**

TO: Freescale Semiconductor, Inc., 6501 William Cannon Drive West, Austin, Texas 78735

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to Rule 30(b)(6), Fed. R. Civ. P., Plaintiff Transmeta Corporation ("Transmeta"), will take the deposition upon oral examination of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. ("Freescale"), on the topics set forth in attached SCHEDULE B, through one or more of its officers, directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on Freescale's behalf, commencing at 9:30am on August 13, 2007, and will continue thereafter until completion to the satisfaction of all parties involved. Such deposition will be taken upon oral examination and stenographically and/or videographically recorded for the purpose of discovery or as evidence, or both, pursuant to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The stenographic recording will be taken before a court reporter, and a transcript will be made available for review.

Transmeta requests that Freescale identify in writing at least five (5) business days in advance of the deposition the name of person(s) designated by Freescale, the job title of each such person(s), and the topic(s) on which each person(s) will testify.

A Protective Order was entered in this case on June 11, 2007, by the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (attached hereto as SCHEDULE C). This Order provides for the protection of confidential information produced by a third party to the litigation. Documents and things provided by Freescale may be so designated as provided for in the Protective Order. has been entered in this case by the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (attached hereto as SCHEDULE C).

SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

Please take further notice that, pursuant to Rules 30 and 45, Fed. R. Civ. P., the Deponent is requested to produce for inspection and copying the documents or tangible things in its possession, custody or control that are described in SCHEDULE A attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. Such documents and things must be produced to Omni Hotel Downtown Austin, Attn: Carla E. Sereny, Esq., 700 San Jacinto at 8th Street, Austin, TX 78701, on July 30, 2007 by 10:00am.

Dated: July 13, 2007

By:

Carla E. Sereny

Robert C. Morgan
Laurence S. Rogers
Steve Pepe
Carla E. Sereny
ROPES & GRAY LLP
1211 Avenue of the Americas
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TRANSMETA CORPORATION
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Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 919-3000

Attorneys for Plaintiff,
TRANSMETA CORPORATION

SCHEDULE A

DEFINITIONS

1. As used herein, "Transmeta" means Transmeta Corporation and all predecessors (merged, acquired, or otherwise), subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates thereof, and all directors, officers, and employees.
2. As used herein, "Intel" means Defendant Intel Corporation, and any and all predecessors (merged, acquired, or otherwise), subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates thereof, and all directors, officers, and employees.
3. "Freescale" means Freescale Semiconductor, Incorporated or any of its partners, parents, affiliates, subsidiaries, divisions, directors, officers, principals, administrators, board members, employees, agents, servants, representatives, assigns, predecessors, successors, attorneys, experts, insurers and/or anyone acting or purporting to act on behalf of any of the foregoing.
4. "Motorola" means Motorola, Incorporated.
5. "You" and "Your" means and includes Freescale.
6. "MC68030" means the MC68030 microprocessor developed and manufactured by Motorola starting in the late 1980s.
7. "AltiVec" means the AltiVec instruction set – also known as the VMX instruction set and the Velocity Engine – co-developed by Motorola, IBM, Inc. and Apple, Inc. in the mid-1990s.
8. "MC88110" means the MC88110 microprocessor developed and manufactured by Motorola in the late 1980s and early 1990s.
9. "Document" is used in the broadest sense consistent with Rule 34(a), Fed. R. Civ. P., and includes all tangible things which come within the meaning of the terms "writings and recordings" used in Rule 1001, Fed. R. Evid. The term "document" includes, without limitation, physical objects and things, such as research and development samples, prototype devices, production samples and the like, as well as hard copies and electronic copies of computer software and electronic mail (e-mail). A draft, translation, or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
10. Documents that "refer or relate to" any given matter mean documents that concern, contain, discuss, describe, analyze, embody, comment upon, identify, incorporate, summarize, refer to, relate to, reflect, state, constitute, comprise, or are otherwise pertinent to the matter or any aspect thereof.

11. "Thing" has the broadest meaning accorded that term by Rule 34, Fed. R. Civ. P., and includes every kind of physical specimen or tangible item, other than a document, in the possession, custody or control of Freescale.

12. A request for a "document" shall be deemed to include a request for a "thing." A request for a "thing" shall be deemed to include a request for a "document."

13. "Communication" or "communications" means the transmittal of information by any means.

14. The terms "identify" or "identity" when used in connection with an individual means providing the individual's full name, his or her home and business address, his or her present employer, his or her position, title or job description, and, if employed by You, the individual's dates and regular places of employment, and general duties. When used in connection with a company, corporation, association, or any other legal entity, these terms mean providing the full name and type of organization or entity, the address of its principal place of business, its date and place of incorporation, and its officers, directors and managing agents.

15. "Person" means any natural person or any business, legal or governmental entity, or association.

16. "And" and "or" shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of the discovery request any information or documents which might otherwise be construed to be outside of its scope.

17. "Any" and "all" shall be construed individually to mean each and every.

18. The singular shall include the plural, and the plural shall include the singular.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. You shall produce all responsive documents and things (including any stored by electronic means).
2. If You object to any of these document requests, (a) state each objection You assert to that request and the basis of that objection, and (b) produce all responsive documents to which Your objection does not apply. If You object to any of these document requests on the ground that complying with the request would cause You undue burden, describe the burden or expense of complying with the request.
3. According to Rule 45(d), Fed. R. Civ. P., documents shall be produced in the same form in which they are kept in the usual course of business. Additionally, a document should be produced stapled, clipped or otherwise bound or connected in the same manner as the original.
4. Color copies of documents are to be produced where color is necessary to interpret or understand the contents.
5. If You find the meaning of any term in these requests to be unclear, vague or ambiguous, identify the specific language, state Your interpretation, and respond to the request according to that interpretation.
6. If more than one copy of a responsive document exists, produce (a) each copy that includes any notations or markings of any kind that do not appear on other copies, and (b) any attachments not produced with other copies.
7. All documents shall be produced to Transmeta in the same file or other organizational environment in which they are kept in the usual course of business. Produce the "file tab," name, or other identification of the source of the documents and things.
8. If any document request cannot be answered fully, provide as full a response as possible. State the reason for the inability to answer fully, and give any information, knowledge, or belief that You have regarding the unanswered portion.
9. If You withhold responsive documents based upon any claim that the document is protected from discovery by the attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, or some other ground of privilege or immunity, or if You withhold a document because it has been lost, destroyed, discarded, or transferred to the possession of another party, each such document shall be identified on a log containing at least the following information:
 - a. the type of document (e.g., memorandum, letter, report, etc.) and the number of pages of the document and any attachments;
 - b. the date of the document, and if no date appears thereon, the identification shall so state and shall give the date or approximate date the document was prepared;

- c. the name and position of each author, preparer, or sender;
- d. the name and position of each addressee and other persons to whom a copy was furnished, and each person to whom the original or a copy was shown;
- e. a brief description of the subject matter of the document and any attachments;
- f. the document request to which the withheld document is responsive;
- g. if the document is withheld based on a claim of privilege, the specific grounds for withholding the document in sufficient detail for the Court to rule on the merits of the asserted attorney-client privilege, work product immunity, or other ground of privilege or immunity; and
- h. if the document has been lost, destroyed, discarded, or transferred to the possession of another party, the date, manner, and reason the document was destroyed, lost, discarded, or transferred, the name and address of each person who was involved in destroying, losing, discarding, or transferring said document, the name and address of each person who authorized any such activity, and the name and address of each person who might still have a copy of such document.

10. Any attachment to an allegedly privileged or immune document shall be produced unless You contend that the attached is also privileged or immune, in which case the information specified in the previous sentence shall be separately provided for each such attachment.

11. The following requests shall be deemed to be continuing and, in accordance with Rule 26(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Transmeta requests that if, after responding to the requests, You acquire additional knowledge or information regarding documents or things responsive to the requests, You shall produce such documents and things or provide such additional knowledge or information.

DOCUMENT REQUESTS

MC68030:

1. Documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992, including, but not limited to, reference manuals and support manuals.
2. All documents and things that refer or relate to sales and offers for sale of the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992, including, but not limited to, invoices on the first and earliest sales and documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of virtual memory in the sold products.
3. All documents that refer or relate to the first public use of the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992, including, but not limited to, documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of virtual memory in the publicly used products.
4. All publications, documents submitted for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor that were published, submitted, or presented prior to February 10, 1992.

MC88110:

5. Documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994, including, but not limited to, reference manuals and support manuals.
6. All documents and things that refer or relate to sales and offers for sale of the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994.
7. All documents and things that refer or relate to the first public use of the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994 including, but not limited to, documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of the pixel pack and pixel unpack instructions in the publicly used products..
8. All publications, documents submitted for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to the the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor that were published, submitted, or presented prior to December 2, 1994.

ALTIVEC:

9. Document sufficient to show the design, operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set prior to March 31, 1998, including, but not limited to, reference manuals and support manuals.
10. All documents and things that refer or relate to the dates of development of the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set, including, but not limited to, the date of conception and the date of reduction to practice.
11. All documents and things that refer or relate to sales and offers for sale of the AltiVec instruction set incorporating the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions prior to March 31, 1998, including, but not limited to, invoices on the first and earliest sales and documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of the vector unpack, vector merge, vector multiply-sum modulo, vector multiply-sum saturate, vector multiply-add float, and vector sum across instructions in the sold products.
12. All documents that refer or relate to the first public use of any of the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set prior to March 31, 1998, including, but not limited to, documents sufficient to show the operation, functions, structure, and capabilities of the vector unpack, vector merge, vector multiply-sum modulo, vector multiply-sum saturate, vector multiply-add float, and vector sum across instructions in the publicly used products.
13. All publications, documents submitted for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx,

vupklx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummhm, vmsumshh), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set that were published, submitted, or presented prior to March 31, 1998.

SCHEDULE B

DEFINITIONS

1. As used herein, "Transmeta" means Transmeta Corporation and all predecessors (merged, acquired, or otherwise), subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates thereof, and all directors, officers, and employees.
2. As used herein, "Intel" means Defendant Intel Corporation, and any and all predecessors (merged, acquired, or otherwise), subsidiaries, parents, and affiliates thereof, and all directors, officers, and employees.
3. "Freescall" means Freescall Semiconductor, Incorporated or any of its partners, parents, affiliates, subsidiaries, divisions, directors, officers, principals, administrators, board members, employees, agents, servants, representatives, assigns, predecessors, successors, attorneys, experts, insurers and/or anyone acting or purporting to act on behalf of any of the foregoing.
4. "Motorola" means Motorola, Incorporated.
5. "You" and "Your" means and includes Freescall.
6. "MC68030" means the MC68030 microprocessor developed and manufactured by Motorola starting in the late 1980s.
7. "AltiVec" means the AltiVec instruction set – also known as the VMX instruction set and the Velocity Engine – co-developed by Motorola, IBM, Inc. and Apple, Inc. in the mid-1990s.
8. "MC88110" means the MC88110 microprocessor developed and manufactured by Motorola in the late 1980s and early 1990s.
9. "Document" is used in the broadest sense consistent with Rule 34(a), Fed. R. Civ. P., and includes all tangible things which come within the meaning of the terms "writings and recordings" used in Rule 1001, Fed. R. Evid. The term "document" includes, without limitation, physical objects and things, such as research and development samples, prototype devices, production samples and the like, as well as hard copies and electronic copies of computer software and electronic mail (e-mail). A draft, translation, or non-identical copy is a separate document within the meaning of this term.
10. Documents that "refer or relate to" any given matter mean documents that concern, contain, discuss, describe, analyze, embody, comment upon, identify, incorporate, summarize, refer to, relate to, reflect, state, constitute, comprise, or are otherwise pertinent to the matter or any aspect thereof.
11. "Thing" has the broadest meaning accorded that term by Rule 34, Fed. R. Civ. P., and includes every kind of physical specimen or tangible item, other than a document, in the possession, custody or control of Freescall.

12. A request for a “document” shall be deemed to include a request for a “thing.” A request for a “thing” shall be deemed to include a request for a “document.”

13. “Communication” or “communications” means the transmittal of information by any means.

14. The terms “identify” or “identity” when used in connection with an individual means providing the individual’s full name, his or her home and business address, his or her present employer, his or her position, title or job description, and, if employed by You, the individual’s dates and regular places of employment, and general duties. When used in connection with a company, corporation, association, or any other legal entity, these terms mean providing the full name and type of organization or entity, the address of its principal place of business, its date and place of incorporation, and its officers, directors and managing agents.

15. “Person” means any natural person or any business, legal or governmental entity, or association.

16. “And” and “or” shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of the discovery request any information or documents which might otherwise be construed to be outside of its scope.

17. “Any” and “all” shall be construed individually to mean each and every.

18. The singular shall include the plural, and the plural shall include the singular.

TOPICS FOR DEPOSITION

1. The identity and location of all documents and things concerning the following topics.
2. The identity, job title, and location of all persons knowledgeable about the following topics.

MC68030:

3. All facts and circumstances regarding virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992, including, but not limited to, function, structure, capabilities and operation.
4. All facts and circumstances relating to sales and offers for sale of virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992.
5. All facts and circumstances relating to the first public use of virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor prior to February 10, 1992.
6. All facts and circumstances relating to publications, submissions for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to virtual memory in the MC68030 microprocessor that were published, submitted, or presented prior to February 10, 1992.

MC88110:

7. All facts and circumstances regarding the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994, including, but not limited to, function, structure, and operation.
8. All facts and circumstances relating to sales and offers for sale of the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994.
9. All facts and circumstances relating to the first public use of the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor prior to December 2, 1994.
10. All facts and circumstances relating to publications, submissions for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to the pixel pack (ppack.8, ppack.16, ppack.16.h, ppack.32, ppack.32.b, ppack.32.h) and pixel unpack (punpk.n, punpk.h, punpk.b) instructions in the MC88110 microprocessor that were published, submitted, or presented prior to December 2, 1994.

ALTIVEC:

11. All facts and circumstances regarding the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set prior to March 31, 1998, including, but not limited to, design, function, structure, capabilities, and operation.
12. All facts and circumstances regarding the conception, design, development, and reduction to practice of the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set.
13. All facts and circumstances relating to sales and offers for sale of the AltiVec instruction set incorporating the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions prior to March 31, 1998.
14. All facts and circumstances relating to the first public use of the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set prior to March 31, 1998.
15. All facts and circumstances relating to publications, submissions for publication, and presentations that refer or relate to the vector unpack (vupkhsb, vupkhp, vupkhsx, vupklsb, vupklpx, vupklsx), vector merge (vmrghb, vmrghh, vmrghw, vmrglb, vmrglh, vmrglw), vector multiply-sum modulo (vmsumubm, vmsumuhm, vmsummbm, vmsumshm), vector multiply-sum saturate (vmsumuhs, vmsumshs), vector multiply-add float (vmaddfp), and vector sum across (vsum4ubs, vsum4sbs, vsum4shs, vsum2sws, vsumsws) instructions in the AltiVec instruction set that were published, submitted, or presented prior to March 31, 1998.

SCHEDULE C

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

TRANSMETA CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

INTEL CORPORATION,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 06-633 (GMS)

[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE ORDER

WHEREAS, documents and information may be sought, produced, or exhibited by and among the parties to the above captioned proceeding, which materials relate to non-public confidential, proprietary or trade secret information, the public disclosure of which would present the prospect of competitive harm:

The parties stipulate, subject to order of the Court, that:

1. This Order shall apply to all information produced or disclosed by any party or non-party in whatever form, including, but not limited to, documents, things, discovery responses, depositions, testimony or other papers produced, filed, or served by a party in this action.

2. "Confidential Information" is any non-public information disclosed by a party or non-party ("the Producing Party") which qualifies for protection under Rule 26(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. and which the Producing Party reasonably and in good faith believes to constitute a trade

secret or other confidential research, development or commercial information the disclosure of which would cause competitive harm to the Producing Party if publicly known.

3. "Highly Confidential Computer Code Information" is any non-public, proprietary computer source code, executable code, microcode, RTL, HDL or other hardware description language documents, schematics, or similarly sensitive code or design information.

4. "Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar" is Confidential Information that the Producing Party reasonably and in good faith believes would, if shared by the Receiving Party with a person that is involved in the drafting of patent applications or claim language relating to microprocessors, cause the Producing Party to suffer a competitive harm. All Highly Confidential Computer Code Information shall be subject to the same protections as information that is designated "Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar."

5. Any information submitted, in discovery or in a pleading, motion, or response to a motion either voluntarily or pursuant to order, in this action, which is asserted by a Producing Party to contain or constitute Confidential Information, Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar or Highly Confidential Computer Code Information ("Protected Material") shall be so designated by such party in writing, or orally at a deposition, conference or hearing. Confidential Information and Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar documents shall be clearly and prominently marked on their face with the legend: "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" or "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION – PROSECUTION BAR – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER," or a comparable notice. Highly Confidential Computer Code Information shall be produced in accordance with the procedures set forth in section 16 of this Order. All such designated

information, whether submitted in writing or in oral testimony, shall be treated in accordance with the terms of this protective order.

6. All information disclosed to a party ("the Receiving Party") pursuant to this Protective Order in the course of this litigation shall be used by the Receiving Party solely for the purpose of this litigation and shall in no event be disclosed by the Receiving Party to anyone except in compliance with the terms of this order.

7. Treatment of Protected Material. In the absence of written permission from the Producing Party, or an order by the Court, any Confidential Information or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar produced in accordance with the provisions of section 5 above shall not be disclosed to any person other than: (i) the Court and any personnel assisting the Court; (ii) outside litigation counsel of record ("Counsel") for parties to this action, including necessary secretarial and support personnel assisting such Counsel; (iii) qualified persons taking testimony involving such documents or information and necessary stenographic and clerical personnel thereof; (iv) technical experts and their staff who are employed by the Receiving Party for purposes of this litigation and who are not current, or anticipated employees of a Receiving Party or of a Producing Party's competitor, and subject to the notice requirements set forth in section 9; and (v) one attorney from each party's legal department, as designated by that party, who does not engage in competitive decision-making, as recognized in *U.S. Steel Corp. v. United States*, 730 F.2d 1465, 1468 (Fed. Cir. 1984), through and including one year following the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action. The attorney designated under section (v) must maintain all Confidential Information and Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar in separate and identifiable files, access to which is restricted to the designated attorney. The parties reserve the right to seek,

through agreement or motion to the Court, access to specific documents or categories of Protected Material by persons that would otherwise not be permitted access under the terms of this order. Information designated as Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar shall also be subject to the provisions of section 17. Information designated as Highly Confidential Computer Code Information shall also be subject to the provisions of section 16.

8. No less than 10 days prior to the disclosure of any Confidential Information or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar to an in-house attorney designated under section 7(v) above, said attorney shall execute a Certificate in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit B and the party seeking such disclosure shall submit in writing the name of such attorney, a description of his or her duties and a copy of the executed Certificate to Counsel for the Producing Party. If the Producing Party objects to the disclosure of such Confidential Information or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar to such attorney as inconsistent with the language or intent of this order or on other grounds, it shall notify the other party in writing of its objection and the grounds therefore within ten days of receiving the written notice. If the dispute is not resolved on an informal basis within ten days of receipt of such notice of objections, the objecting party shall submit each objection to the Court for a ruling. The disclosure of any Confidential Information and/or or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar to such attorney shall be withheld pending the ruling of the Court.

9. No less than 10 days prior to the disclosure of Protected Material to a technical expert under section 7(iv) above, the technical expert shall execute a Certificate in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit A and the party seeking such disclosure shall submit in writing the name of such proposed expert, his or her educational and detailed employment and consultancy history that is sufficiently detailed to permit the other party to ascertain whether there exists the

potential for competitive harm, whether the individual is involved in or anticipates involvement in any aspect of prosecuting patent applications relating to microprocessors, any previous or current relationships with any of the parties, a listing of other actions in which the individual has testified within the last four years, and a copy of the executed Certificate to Counsel for the Producing Party. If the Producing Party objects to the disclosure of such Protected Material to such proposed expert as inconsistent with the language or intent of this order or on other grounds, it shall notify the party proposing to use the expert in writing of its objection and the grounds therefore within ten days of receiving the written notice. If the dispute is not resolved on an informal basis within ten days of receipt of such notice of objections, the objecting party shall submit each objection to the Court for a ruling. The disclosure of any Protected Material to such proposed expert shall be withheld pending the ruling of the Court.

10. Any entity that produces Protected Material may consent to the sharing of its own Protected Material with any persons not included in section 7 above. Nothing herein shall be deemed to restrict in any way a Producing Party's use of its own Protected Material.

11. Any papers containing Protected Material which a party chooses to file with the Court shall be filed under seal with the legend "Confidential Information – Subject to Protective Order," "Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar – Subject to Protective Order," or "Highly Confidential Computer Code Information – Subject to Protective Order." Any party may designate the transcript of a deposition as containing Protected Material by indicating on the record at the deposition or by notifying the court reporter and all of the parties in writing within 30 days of receiving the final deposition transcript that the testimony includes Confidential Information, Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar or and/or Highly Confidential Computer Code Information. The designating party shall arrange for the court reporter taking

the deposition to label the transcript "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" or "CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION – PROSECUTION BAR – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" and/or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL COMPUTER CODE INFORMATION – SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER." All deposition transcripts shall be treated as Confidential Information – Prosecution Bar for at least 30 days after receiving the final deposition transcript.

12. The restrictions upon, and obligations accruing to, persons who become subject to this order shall not apply to any information submitted in accordance with section 5 above to which the person asserting the confidential status thereof agrees in writing, or the Court rules, after an opportunity for hearing, was publicly known at the time it was supplied to the Receiving Party or has since become publicly known through no fault of the Receiving Party.

13. If during the pendency of this action, a party to this order who is to be a recipient of any information designated as Protected Material and designated in accordance with sections 5 or 16 disagrees with respect to such designation, in full or in part, it shall notify the Producing Party in writing, and they will thereupon confer as to the status of the subject information proffered within the context of this order. If the Receiving and Producing Parties are unable to concur upon the status of the subject information within thirty days from the date of notification of such disagreement, any party to this order may raise the issue to the Court who will rule upon the matter. The burden of persuasion in any such proceeding shall be upon the Producing Party. The Court may determine that information alleged to be Protected Material is not, or has been improperly designated, before, during or after the close of trial herein. If such a determination is made by the Court, opportunity shall be provided to the producing party of such information to argue its confidentiality prior to the time of such ruling. The Court may *sua sponte* question the

designation of the confidential status of any information and, after opportunity for hearing, may remove the confidentiality designation.

14. If Protected Material submitted in accordance with section 5 or 16 is disclosed to any person other than in the manner authorized by this protective order, the party responsible for the disclosure must immediately bring all pertinent facts relating to such disclosure to the attention of the Producing Party and, without prejudice to other rights and remedies of the Producing Party, make every effort to prevent further disclosure by it or by the person who was the recipient of such information.

15. If any Protected Material which is supplied in accordance with sections 5 or 16 is supplied by a nonparty to this action, such a nonparty shall be considered a Producing Party as that term is used in the context of this order.

16. Highly Confidential Computer Code Information. Documents or information produced by a Producing Party and designated as Highly Confidential Computer Code Information, shall be subject to the same restrictions as Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar as well as the following additional provisions:

- a. Highly Confidential Computer Code Information shall be provided on one or more stand-alone computers (*i.e.*, not capable of communication with a network, the Internet, or external storage devices) in a secure location in at least two different offices, as specified by the Receiving Party, of outside counsel of record of the Producing Party ("Producing Party Computer Code Locations") at which it will be available for review by the Receiving Party any day of the week on 24 hours notice (except that 48 hours of notice shall be required for access on weekends and holidays);

- b. Highly Confidential Computer Code Information produced by a Producing Party shall not be made available to the in-house attorney designated by a Receiving Party under section 7(v);
- c. Highly Confidential Computer Code Information shall be provided on the stand-alone computer in electronic form in the native file format and shall be in a form sufficient to allow a user to search and view the code and view the schematics;
- d. At the request of the Receiving Party, the Producing Party must provide paper copies of reasonable portions of the code or schematics, which shall be clearly and prominently marked with individual production numbers and the legend "Highly Confidential Computer Code Information." The Receiving Party must keep the paper copies in a secured location at all times. No additional copies of such code or schematics may be made except as provided in Sections 16(e) and 16(f);
- e. If the Receiving Party wants to use any code or schematics at a deposition, it may, no earlier than 48 hours prior to any such deposition, make only as many copies, and only of the specific pages, as the Receiving Party intends to use at the deposition. At the conclusion of the deposition, the Producing Party will collect each copy of the code and schematics and will retain the original of any such exhibit, which shall not be appended to the transcript of the deposition. Moreover, on four days notice, counsel for the Producing Party shall make available at a specified deposition at one of the Producing Party Computer Code Locations, one portable laptop computer that is compatible with, permits the viewing of and is loaded with a copy of any previously produced Highly

Confidential Computer Code Information that is requested by the Receiving Party;

- f. If Receiving Party wants to file or otherwise submit any code or schematics to the Court in connection with a filing, it may, no earlier than 24 hours prior to the relevant filing, make only as many copies, and only of the specific pages as needed, for submission to the Court and shall file any and all such copies of the code or schematics under seal;
- g. The Receiving Party shall maintain a complete log of Bates-numbered pages of code or schematics printed and shall produce such log at the time its first expert reports are delivered. For security purposes, this log must be produced to the Producing Party regardless of any other stipulation limiting expert discovery. Further, the log will be supplemented with each new expert report and ten days after trial.

17. Prosecution Bar. Information designated "Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar" shall not be disclosed by the Receiving Party to any person involved in any way in the drafting of patent applications or claim language relating to microprocessors, whether in the form of original applications, reexaminations, reissues, or any other proceeding before the PTO from the time of receipt of such documents or information through and including one year following the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action with the exception of the option available to proposed technical experts set forth in section 18. Upon entry of this Protective Order, all counsel of record shall prohibit members or employees of their firms who review information designated as subject to the Prosecution Bar under this Protective Order from discussing such information with

any person who is substantively involved in the prosecution of patents or patent applications related to microprocessors until one year after (i) the entry of a final non-appealable or non-appealed judgment or (ii) the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this matter.

18. As an alternative to the Prosecution Bar set forth in section 17, a proposed technical expert may access information designated "Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar" and continue to be involved in drafting patent applications or claim language relating to microprocessors if the expert agrees (by selecting Option B in the form annexed hereto as Exhibit A) that any patents (including, without limitation, U.S. and foreign issued patents, published patent applications, reissued patents, and reexamination certificates) issuing or being published as a result of any such applications pending from the time of receipt of such confidential information through and including one year following the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action will not be asserted against the Producing Party or its products at any time, and confirms that he or she has not previously assigned any such patents or applications to any other entity and has all rights necessary to assure that such patents or applications will not be asserted against the Producing Party or its products.

19. All documents and things which are produced for initial inspection prior to copying and delivery shall be deemed to be designated as Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar or Highly Confidential Computer Code Information and shall be produced for inspection only to persons representing the Receiving Party who are entitled to review Information so designated. Within twenty business days after the Receiving Party selects the documents or things that it wishes to receive copies of, the Producing Party will designate the documents under the Protective Order and produce them.

20. Upon final termination of this action, each recipient of Protected Material that is subject to this order shall assemble and return to the producing party all items containing such information submitted in accordance with sections 5 or 16 above, including all copies of such matter which may have been made. Alternatively, the parties subject to this order may destroy all items containing Protected Material and certify to the Producing Party (or its Counsel) that such destruction has taken place. In addition to attorney-client communications, and attorney work product, each law firm of record representing a Receiving Party shall be entitled to retain a single archival copy of court papers, responses to discovery requests, correspondence, expert reports, deposition and trial transcripts, and exhibits that contain Information designated as Protected Material provided that Counsel shall not disclose any such designated information except pursuant to the terms of this Protective Order, a separate written agreement with the Producing Party, or a court order.

21. The provisions of this Protective Order restricting the communication and use of Protected Material continue to be binding after the entry of a final non-appealable or non-appealed judgment in this action, or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action. This Court shall retain jurisdiction to enforce the terms of this Protective Order after final termination of this action.

22. Other Proceedings. By entering this order and limiting the disclosure of information in this case, the Court does not intend to preclude another court from finding that information may be relevant and subject to disclosure in another case. Any person or party subject to this order who becomes subject to a motion to disclose another party's information designated as Protected Material pursuant to this order shall promptly notify that party of the

motion so that the party may have an opportunity to appear and be heard on whether that information should be disclosed.

23. Inadvertent Waiver of Privilege And Work Product. Production of privileged materials or attorney work product without an express written notice of intent to waive the attorney-client privilege or work product protection shall not be deemed a waiver of the attorney-client privilege or work product protection so long as the producing party informs the requesting party of the identity of the materials mistakenly produced. Such materials shall not be used and shall be returned to the producing party under those circumstances. The procedures specified in FRCP 26(5)(B) shall be followed in the event any privileged materials or attorney work product are inadvertently produced.

24. Details relating to confidentiality and public access to information presented at trial will be addressed in the pretrial order.

The foregoing is stipulated to by the parties:

TRANSMETA CORPORATION

/s/ Karen Jacobs Loudon

Date: June 8, 2007

Jack B. Blumenfeld (#1014)
Karen Jacobs Loudon (#2881)
MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP
1201 North Market Street
P.O. Box 1347
Wilmington, DE 19899-1347
Tel: (302) 658-9200
Attorneys for Plaintiff Transmeta Corporation.

INTEL CORPORATION

/s/ Karen E. Keller

Date: June 8, 2007

Josy W. Ingersoll, Esq. (#1088)
John W. Shaw, Esq. (#3362)
Karen E. Keller, Esq. (#4489)
YOUNG, CONAWAY, STARGATT & TAYLOR, LLP
The Brandywine Building
1000 West Street, 17th Flr.
Wilmington, DE 19801
Tel: (302) 571-6600
Attorneys for Defendant Intel Corporation

SO ORDERED this _____ day of _____, 2007.

United States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

TRANSMETA CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

INTEL CORPORATION,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 06-633 (GMS)

NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT AND UNDERTAKING FOR EXPERTS

I, _____, declare as follows:

1. I have been retained by _____ [party] to serve as an expert in the above-captioned action.
2. I have read and understand the Stipulated Protective Order (the "Order") to which this Exhibit A is annexed (and whose definitions are incorporated herein) and I attest to my understanding that access to information designated as Confidential Information, Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar or Highly Confidential Source Code may be provided to me and that such access shall be pursuant to the terms and conditions and restrictions of the Order, and I agree to be bound by the terms thereof.
3. I agree that I will utilize any Confidential Information, Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar or Highly Confidential Source Code that is provided

to me solely for purposes of this action. I also understand that, in the event that I fail to abide by the terms of this Nondisclosure Agreement or the Order, I shall be subject to sanctions by way of contempt of court, and to separate legal and equitable recourse by the adversely affected Producing Party.

4. One of the following options must be selected:

☐ Option A.

I agree that if I have access to information designated as "Confidential Information – Prosecution Bar," I will not be involved in any way in the drafting of patent applications or claim language relating to microprocessors, whether in the form of original applications, reexaminations, reissues, or any other proceeding before the PTO from the time of receipt of such documents or information through and including one year following the entry of a final non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action; or

☐ Option B

I agree that if I have access to information designated as "Confidential Information – Prosecution Bar" produced in this litigation by a Producing Party, any patents (including without limitation, U.S. and foreign issued patents, published patent applications, reissued patents, or reexamination certificates) issuing from any patent applications relating to microprocessors pending from the time of receipt of such confidential information through and including one year following the entry of a final

non-appealable judgment or order or the complete settlement of all claims against all parties in this action, with which I am involved in any way in prosecution (either as a named inventor or otherwise) will not be asserted against the Producing Party or its products at any time. I represent that I have not previously assigned rights in any such patents or applications to any other entity and that I have all rights necessary to make the assurances of this Section 4.B.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this ____ day of _____ at _____.

Signature

Printed Name

Address

EXHIBIT B

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE**

TRANSMETA CORPORATION,

Plaintiff,

v.

INTEL CORPORATION,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 06-633 (GMS)

NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENT FOR PARTY REPRESENTATIVES

I, _____, declare as follows:

1. I am _____ [title] of _____
[party name].

2. I have read and understand the Stipulated Protective Order (the "Order") to which this Exhibit B is annexed (and whose definitions are incorporated herein) and I attest to my understanding that access to information designated as Confidential Information or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar may be provided to me and that such access shall be pursuant to the terms and conditions and restrictions of the Order, and I agree to be bound by the terms thereof.

3. I agree that I will utilize any Confidential Information or Confidential Information — Prosecution Bar that is provided to me solely for purposes of this action. I also understand that, in the event that I fail to abide by the terms of this

Nondisclosure Agreement or the Order, I shall be subject to sanctions by way of contempt of court, and to separate legal and equitable recourse by the adversely affected Producing Party.

I declare under the penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this ____ day of _____ at _____.

Signed:

Firm or Affiliation:

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

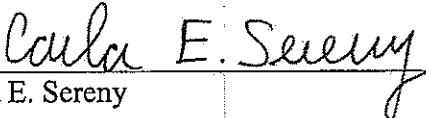
I hereby certify that on July 16, 2007, I served a true copy of Transmeta Corporation's NOTICE OF INTENTION TO TAKE ORAL DEPOSITION OF FREESCALE SEMICONDUCTOR INCORPORATED, PURSUANT TO RULE 30(B)(6), FED. R. CIV. P., AND SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM to the following in the indicated manner, as agreed upon by Transmeta Corporation and Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

BY HAND DELIVERY:

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.
c/o Corporation Service Company d/b/a CSC – Lawyers Incorporating Service Company
701 Brazos, Suite 1050
Austin, TX 78701

BY E-MAIL:

Steven S. Cherensky, Esq.
Jessica Davis, Esq.
WEIL GOTSHAL & MANGES, LLP
201 Redwood Shores Parkway
Redwood Shores, CA 94065
steven.cherensky@weil.com
jessica.davis@weil.com



Carla E. Sereny